Department of Veterans Affairs

(e) The Office of Personnel Management is neither required nor authorized by this section to review the merits of VA's determination with respect to the amount and validity of the debt waiver under 5 U.S.C. 5584 or 38 U.S.C. 5302, or providing or not providing an oral hearing.

(Authority: 5 U.S.C. 8461; 31 U.S.C. 3711, 3716) [52 FR 42108, Nov. 3, 1987]

§ 1.926 Referral of VA debts.

- (a) When authorized, VA may refer an uncollectible debt to another Federal or State agency for the purpose of offsetting the debt from any payment, except salary, (see paragraph (e) of this section), made by such agency to the person indebted to VA.
- (b) VA must certify in writing that the individual owes the debt, the amount and basis of the debt, the date on which payment became due, and the date VA's right to collect the debt first accrued.
- (c) This certification will also state that VA provided the debtor with written notice of:
- (1) The nature and amount of the debt:
- (2) VA's intention to pursue collection by offset procedures;
- (3) The opportunity to inspect and copy VA records pertaining to the debt;
- (4) The right to contest both the existence and amount of the debt and to request a waiver of collection of the debt (if applicable), as well as the right to a hearing on both matters;
- (5) The opportunity to enter into a written agreement with VA for the repayment of the debt; and
- (6) Other applicable notices required by §§ 1.911, 1.912, and 1.912a.
- (d) The written certification required by paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section will also contain (for all debts) a listing of all actions taken by both VA and the debtor subsequent to the notice, as well as the dates of such actions.
- (e) The referral by VA of a VA debt to another agency for the purposes of

salary offset shall be done in accordance with 5 CFR 550.1106.

(Authority: 31 U.S.C. 3711) [52 FR 42108, Nov. 3, 1987]

§ 1.927 Analysis of costs and prevention of debts.

- (a) VA collection procedures should provide for periodic comparison of costs incurred and amounts collected. Data on costs and corresponding recovery rates for debts of different types and various dollar ranges should be used to compare the cost effectiveness of alternative collection procedures, establish guidelines with respect to points at which costs of further collection efforts are likely to exceed recoveries, assist in evaluating compromise offers, and establish minimum debt amounts below which collection efforts need not be taken. Costs and recovery data should also be useful in justifying adequate resources for an effective collection program, evaluating the feasibility and cost effectiveness of contracting for consumer reporting agencies' services (§1.922), collection services (§1.923), and for determining appropriate charges for administrative costs (§ 1.919)
- (b) VA shall insure that adequate procedures are established which both identify the causes of overpayments, delinquencies, and defaults and also describe the actions necessary to correct such problems.

(Authority: 31 U.S.C. 3711 through 3719) [52 FR 42109, Nov. 3, 1987]

§ 1.928 Exemptions.

(a) Sections 1.900 through 1.954 do not apply to debts arising under, or to payments made under, the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended (26 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.), or tariff laws of the United States. However, the remedies and procedures described in §§1.900 through 1.954 are still authorized with respect to debts which are exempt from the purview of the Debt Collection Act of 1982, to the extent that they are authorized under some other statute or common law.